



THE
NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

WELLINGTON, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1868.

G. F. BOWEN, Governor.
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by "The Petty Sessions Act, 1865," it is enacted that, as soon as conveniently may be after the establishment of a Petty Sessions District, and afterwards from time to time as may be deemed expedient, the Governor shall, by Proclamation in the *New Zealand Gazette*, appoint a meeting of the Justices of the Peace resident in such district to be yearly held within such district, at some specified time and place, for the purpose of choosing a Chairman of Petty Sessions and settling a rota of attendance: And whereas by an Order in Council bearing date the twenty-second day of July, 1868, certain Petty Sessions Districts, including amongst others the districts hereinafter named, were defined and established:

Now therefore I, Sir George Ferguson Bowen, the Governor of New Zealand, in pursuance and in exercise of the power and authority in that behalf vested in me, do hereby proclaim and appoint that for each of the districts named in the Schedule hereto, a meeting of the Justices of the Peace resident within such district shall be yearly held at the place whereof the name is in the said Schedule set opposite to the name of such district, at twelve o'clock noon, on the fourth Tuesday in the month of January, for the purpose of choosing a Chairman and settling a rota of attendance.

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir George Ferguson Bowen, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, at the Government House, at Wellington; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, this twenty-fourth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

E. W. STAFFORD.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

SCHEDULE.

Name of District.	Place of Meeting.
Mongonui	Court House, Mongonui.
Whangarei	Ditto Whangarei.
Kaipara	Ditto Kaipara.
Auckland	Ditto Auckland.
Onehunga	Ditto Onehunga.
Howick	Ditto Howick.
Drury	Ditto Drury.
Waiuku	Ditto Waiuku.
Waikato	Ditto Hamilton.
Hauraki	Ditto Shortland.
Raglan	Ditto Raglan.
Tauranga	Ditto Tauranga.
Opotiki	Ditto Opotiki.
Picton	Ditto Picton.
Wairau	Ditto Blenheim.
Kaikoura	Ditto Kaikoura.
Te Auau	Residence of Donald Hankinson, Esq., J.P.
Wakatipu	Court House, Queenstown.
Cromwell	Ditto Cromwell.
Oamaru	Ditto Oamaru.
Mount Ida	Ditto Naseby.
Waikaia	Ditto Switzers.
Roxburgh	Ditto Roxburgh.
Clutha	Ditto Molyneux.
Lawrence	Ditto Lawrence.
Dunedin	Ditto Dunedin.
Hawkesbury	Ditto Hawkesbury.
Hampden	Ditto Hampden.
Tokomairiro	Ditto Tokomairiro.

G. F. BOWEN, Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by "The Petty Sessions Act, 1865," it is enacted that, as soon as conveniently may be after the establishment of a Petty Sessions District, and afterwards from time to time as may be deemed expedient, the Governor shall, by Proclamation in the *New Zealand Gazette*, appoint a meeting of the Justices of the Peace resident in such district to be yearly held within such district, at some specified time and place, for the purpose of choosing

a Chairman of Petty Sessions and settling a rota of attendance: And whereas by an Order in Council bearing date the thirtieth day of September, 1868, certain Petty Sessions Districts, including amongst others the districts hereinafter named, were defined and established:

Now therefore I, Sir George Ferguson Bowen, the Governor of New Zealand, in pursuance and in exercise of the power and authority in that behalf vested in me, do hereby proclaim and appoint that, for each of the districts named in the Schedule hereto, a meeting of the Justices of the Peace resident within such district shall be yearly held at the place whereof the name is in the said Schedule set opposite to the name of such district, at twelve o'clock noon, on the fourth Tuesday in the month of January, for the purpose of choosing a Chairman and settling a rota of attendance.

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir George Ferguson Bowen, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, at the Government House, at Wellington; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, this twenty-fourth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

E. W. STAFFORD.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

SCHEDULE.	
Name of District.	Place of Meeting.
Ellesmere	... Road Board Office, Leeston.
Ashburton	... Turton's Hotel, Ashburton.
Bay of Islands	... Court House, Russell.
Waimate	... Ditto Waimate.

G. F. BOWEN, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this thirtieth day of December, 1868.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by "The Resident Magistrates Act, 1867," it is enacted that the fees to be taken in respect of the said Act shall be fixed, varied, and abolished, as the Governor in Council shall from time to time direct and appoint; provided that the fees fixed in Schedules E. and F. to the said Act shall be the fees to be taken until others are fixed by the Governor in Council: And whereas, by an Order in Council bearing date the fourth day of November last past, certain fees were appointed to be taken in lieu of those specified in the said Schedules to the said Act, and it is expedient that other fees should be fixed in addition thereto:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him as aforesaid, doth hereby, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony, fix the fees mentioned and specified in Schedule A. to be taken in addition to the fees mentioned in the Schedule A. to the said Order in Council, and the fees mentioned in Schedule B. hereto, as additional fees to those mentioned in Schedule B. of the said Order in Council; and doth direct that, from and after the seventh day of January next, the fees fixed in the said Schedules hereto shall be fees to be taken in respect of "The Resident Magistrates Act, 1867," and "The Resident Magistrates Act, 1868."

SCHEDULE A.

Poundage on sum for which the body is taken in execution s. d.
1 0

SCHEDULE B.

For issuing every Warrant for Apprehension or Committal, except in cases hereinafter expressly provided for, sixpence in the pound.
 For every Summons for Commitment under section seven of "The Resident Magistrates Act, 1868," three-pence in the pound on the amount of the original demand then remaining due.
 For every Hearing of the matters mentioned in such Summons for Commitment, sixpence in the pound on the amount last aforesaid.
 For issuing every Warrant of Apprehension under the eighth section of "The Resident Magistrate's Act, 1868," three-pence in the pound on the amount last aforesaid.
 For issuing every Warrant of Committal under the ninth section of "The Resident Magistrates Act, 1868," sixpence in the pound on the amount last aforesaid.
 For every Bail Bond under section seventeen of "The Resident Magistrates Act, 1868," for any sum not exceeding £20 5 0
 Ditto not exceeding £50 7 6
 Ditto not exceeding £100 10 0
 For every Hearing and Order under sections eighteen and nineteen of "The Resident Magistrates Act, 1868," for any sum not exceeding £5 4 0
 Ditto for any sum not exceeding £10 5 0
 Ditto for any sum not exceeding £20 8 0
 Ditto for any sum not exceeding £50 12 0
 Ditto for any sum not exceeding £100 20 0
 For any Process or Proceeding issued or taken under the twentieth section of "The Resident Magistrates Act, 1868," the same fees as payable in respect of the like proceedings under "The District Courts Act, 1858."

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

G. F. BOWEN, Governor.

WHEREAS by the one hundred and thirty-third section of an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1867," it is enacted that it shall be the duty of the Town Clerk of every borough, as soon as conveniently may be after every election of a Mayor for such borough, to give notice to the Colonial Secretary for the time being of such election, and of the person elected; and it shall be lawful for the Governor, if he shall think fit, and if such person shall not then be a Justice of the Peace, by warrant under his hand published in the *New Zealand Gazette*, to appoint such person to be a Justice of the Peace for the Colony; and it is also thereby enacted that in every such appointment it shall be expressed that it is made under the one hundred and thirty-third section of the said Act; and it is further declared that such appointment shall continue in force only during the Mayoralty of such person, and the person so appointed shall not, by virtue of such appointment, be authorized to sit or act as a Justice of the Peace elsewhere than within the borough:

Now therefore I, Sir George Ferguson Bowen, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the said power and authority in me vested in this behalf, do hereby appoint

JOHN SMITH WILLCOX, Esq., and
JOHN ANDERSON, Esq.,

the persons elected to be respectively the Mayor of the Borough of Lyttelton, and the Mayor of the City of Christchurch, to be Justices of the Peace under the one hundred and thirty-third section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1867."

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir George Ferguson Bowen, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George,

Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, at the Government House, at Wellington, this twenty-fourth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

E. W. STAFFORD.

G. F. BOWEN, Governor.

WHEREAS by the one hundred and thirty-third section of an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1867," it is enacted that it shall be the duty of the Town Clerk of every borough as soon as conveniently may be after every election of a Mayor for such borough to give notice to the Colonial Secretary for the time being of such election, and of the person elected; and it shall be lawful for the Governor, if he shall think fit, and if such person shall not then be a Justice of the Peace, by warrant under his hand, published in the *New Zealand Gazette*, to appoint such person to be a Justice of the Peace for the Colony; and it is also thereby enacted that in every such appointment it shall be expressed that it is made under the one hundred and thirty-third section of the said Act: And it is further declared that such appointment shall continue in force only during the Mayoralty of such person, and the person so appointed shall not, by virtue of such appointment, be authorized to sit or act as a Justice of the Peace elsewhere than within the borough:

Now therefore I, Sir George Ferguson Bowen, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the said power and authority in me vested in this behalf, do hereby appoint

SAMUEL HEWLINGS, Esq.,

the person elected to be Mayor of the Borough of Timaru, to be a Justice of the Peace under the one hundred and thirty-third section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1867."

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir George Ferguson Bowen, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, at the Government House, at Wellington, this twenty-ninth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

E. W. STAFFORD.

G. F. BOWEN, Governor.

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME,
GREETING:

WHEREAS by "The Regulation of Elections Act, 1858," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor, by Warrant under his hand, from time to time to appoint polling places for each Electoral District, within or without the limits thereof, and to appoint any one of such places to be the principal polling place for the district, and all or any of such polling places at any time to abolish and to appoint other polling places in lieu thereof: And whereas by Warrant under the hand of the Governor, bearing date the seventeenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, the School House, Otepopo, was appointed a polling place for the District of Oamaru, for the election of Members of the House of Representa-

tives: And whereas it is expedient to abolish the same:

Now know ye that I, Sir George Ferguson Bowen, the Governor of the said Colony, in pursuance of the power and authority in me vested by the said Act, do hereby abolish the above-named polling place for the District of Oamaru, for the election of Members of the House of Representatives, and do appoint in lieu thereof

The NEW SCHOOL HOUSE, OTEPOPO.

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir George Ferguson Bowen, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, at the Government House, at Wellington, this twenty-fourth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

E. W. STAFFORD.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 24th December, 1868.

THE following Ordinance passed by the Provincial Council, and reserved by the Superintendent of the Province of Southland for the signification of the Governor's pleasure thereon, intituled

"The Executive Council Ordinance, 1866, Amendment Ordinance, 1868,"

having been laid before the Governor, His Excellency has been pleased to assent to the same.

E. W. STAFFORD.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 24th December, 1868.

THE following Act passed by the Provincial Council, and assented to by the Superintendent of the Province of Auckland, intituled

"The Appropriation Act, 1868, No. 3,"

having been laid before the Governor, His Excellency has not been advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of it.

E. W. STAFFORD.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 31st December, 1868.

IN accordance with the terms of a Resolution adopted by the House of Representatives on the 15th of October last, the Government offers the under-mentioned Premiums for the best Essays to be written on the following subject:—

"The means for securing the Permanent Settlement of the Mining Population of New Zealand, and for fixing within the Colony the Capital which is being drained away from the Gold Fields, as shown in the great excess of exports over imports at the Ports of the exclusively Gold-Mining Districts."

The Premiums will be Fifty Pounds (£50), Thirty Pounds (£30), and Twenty Pounds (£20), for three Essays respectively first, second, and third in degree of merit on the above-named subject. The Government will appoint Examiners to decide on the comparative merits of the Essays.

The Essays should be sent to and received in the Colonial Secretary's Office on or before the 28th February, 1869, under distinctive mottoes, the respective name and motto of each writer to be enclosed in separate sealed envelopes, which will not be opened until after the Examiners have made their decision. Each Essay should be enclosed in a sealed envelope superscribed "Essay on Settlement of Gold Fields."

The Examiners will be at liberty, if they think fit, to decide that none of the Essays received are entitled to either or any one of the Premiums offered.

E. W. STAFFORD.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 31st December, 1868.

WITH reference to the Petition presented to His Excellency the Governor by certain Inhabitant Householders praying him to constitute the City of Wellington a Borough under "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1867," and published in the *New Zealand Gazette* on the fifteenth day of October, 1868, it is hereby notified that a greater number of Inhabitant Householders of the said City have signed and caused to be presented a Petition to His Excellency the Governor praying him not to grant the prayer of the first-named Petition.

E. W. STAFFORD.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 29th December, 1868.

THE following amended Regulations for the Examination of Candidates for employment under the provisions of "The Civil Service Act, 1866," are published for general information.

E. W. STAFFORD.

REGULATIONS RESPECTING EXAMINATION UNDER "THE CIVIL SERVICE ACT, 1866," OF CANDIDATES FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE.

1. A Central Board of Examiners is appointed at the Seat of Government, consisting of the following persons:—

The Secretary for Crown Lands,
The Comptroller of Public Accounts,
The Under Secretary,
The Assistant Treasurer,
The Under Secretary for Native Affairs,
The Director of the Geological Survey,
The Inspector of Public Schools,

three to be a quorum.

2. The following Local Boards are appointed at the under-mentioned places respectively:—

At Auckland—

T. Beckham,
J. H. Crawford,
Inspector of Schools.

At New Plymouth—

Henry Richmond,
Richard Chilman.

At Napier—

J. M. Tabuteau,
H. B. Sealy,
Inspector of Schools.

At Wellington—

J. C. Crawford,
W. Seed,
Inspector of Schools.

At Nelson—

F. C. Simmons,
J. Sharp,
Inspector of Schools,

At Blenheim—

S. L. Müller,
Inspector of Schools.

At Christchurch—

W. J. W. Hamilton,
C. C. Bowen,
Inspector of Schools.

At Dunedin—

A. R. C. Strode,
A. W. Smith,
Inspector of Schools.

At Invercargill—

A. J. Elles,
Inspector of Schools.

3. Each candidate is required by "The Civil Service Act, 1866," before he can be nominated as Probationer, to produce sufficient evidence as to his age, health, and moral character. No person can enter the service as a subordinate of the fifth class unless he shall be of the full age of seventeen years, and not more than twenty-two years.

4. Candidates in forwarding their applications to the Government must furnish the information as to the authors he selects to be examined in, in accordance with clause 16 of these regulations. He must also enclose the following evidence as to age, health, and character:—

Age.

5. Certificate from Registrar, of birth. Any person not producing such certificate to account for its non-production, and to prove his age by satisfactory evidence.

Health.

6. A certificate of health on a form to be prescribed by the Central Board, signed by some legally qualified medical practitioner

Character.

7. A certificate of general good character from some clergyman or schoolmaster.

8. These certificates will be referred, together with the applications, by the Government to the Central Board, and will be subject to the approval of the Board as a condition precedent to examination.

9. The Central Board will forward from time to time to Local Boards lists of candidates and examination papers. The duty of the Local Boards will be to conduct the examination, and to return to the Central Board the examination papers with the written answers thereto; and in the case of *viva voce* examination with their report on the character and result thereof, and of the qualifications shown by the candidates respectively in their answers.

10. The Central Board will transmit to the Local Boards the certificates as to age, health and character, who will report to the Central Board upon their genuineness.

11. A general list of candidates who have passed examination is to be kept by the Central Board, and copies furnished to each responsible Minister, who will at his discretion, whenever vacancies occur, select such candidates as he may think fit, with a view to appointing the most qualified for particular vacancies, and to apportioning such selection as equitably as practicable among the several Provinces.

EXAMINATION.

12. The examinations will not be competitive as between the candidates, but every candidate will be required to pass a certain standard of proficiency, which will be fixed by the Central Board, who alone will decide whether a candidate has passed or not.

COMPULSORY SUBJECTS.

English.

13. Exercises designed to test handwriting and orthography, English grammar and composition.

14. Arithmetic, including vulgar and decimal fractions.

15. Every candidate must pass in both the above subjects, independently of the rest of the examination.

OPTIONAL SUBJECTS.

16. Candidates will also be examined in any of the following subjects which he may select, but must select and pass in at least two of them:—

(1.) *Latin.*

Any one of the following, at the option of the candidate; the Government to be informed of the author selected when the original application for employment is sent in:—

Sallust.—Cataline and Jugurtha.

Virgil.—Any four books of the *Æneid*; the Board to be informed which books are chosen.

Horace.—1. Odes and Epodes; 2. Satires and Epistles. The Board to be informed of the selection.

Cæsar.—De Bello Gallico.

Cicero.—De Senectute, and De Amicitia.

Passages for translation will be set from these authors; and candidates will be required to answer easy grammatical and historical questions arising out of the passages so set.

(2.) *French*.

Translations from Fénelon's *Télémaque*.

Easy translations from English into French, and *vice versa*.

(3.) *Euclid*.

The first two books, including the definitions and axioms.

(4.) *Algebra*.

So far as to include the solution of simple equations.

(5.) *History*.

The outlines of the History of England from the Norman Conquest to the Battle of Waterloo.

(6.) *Political Economy*.

Elementary Principles of.

(7.) *Geography*.

Outlines of Political and Physical Geography.

(8.) *Maori*.

17. The Central Board will have power to vary from time to time the optional subjects of examination, due notice of such change being made in the *New Zealand Gazette*.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
(Judicial Branch),

Wellington, 28th December, 1868.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

CHARLES FREER CRAWFORD, Esq.,

to be Curator of Intestate Estates to act within the Taranaki District, *vice* W. S. Atkinson, Esq., resigned.

E. W. STAFFORD.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
(Judicial Branch),

Wellington, 28th December, 1868.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation, from the 31st instant, by

ARCHER CHARLES CROFT, Esq.,

of Ashburton, Canterbury, of his appointment as a Coroner for the Colony.

E. W. STAFFORD.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
(Judicial Branch),

Wellington, 29th December, 1868.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

JOHN CHARLES YOUNG, Esq.,

to be Clerk to the Bench under "The Resident Magistrates Act, 1867," at Shortland.

E. W. STAFFORD.

Colonial Defence Office,
Wellington, 28th December, 1868.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the under-mentioned promotions and appointments, *viz.*:—

In the Armed Constabulary.

Ensign John Ross Watts (Auckland Militia) to be acting Sub-inspector. Date of commission, 30th November, 1868.

In the New Zealand Militia.

Major Charles Lambert (Napier Militia) to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Date of commission, 19th December, 1868.

In the Napier Militia.

Purvis Russell to be Captain. Date of commission, 27th November, 1868.

John Davis Canning to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 25th November, 1868.

Henry Twigg to be Ensign. Date of commission, 1st December, 1868.

William Speedy to be Ensign. Date of commission, 2nd December, 1868.

In the Wellington Militia.

William Howard Holmes (late Lieutenant, Wellington Rifle Volunteers) to be Ensign. Date of commission, 14th December, 1868.

In the 2nd (Hutt) Battalion, Wellington Militia.

Lieutenant Arthur Braithwaite to be Captain. Date of commission, 12th December, 1868.

Nathaniel Grace to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 12th December, 1868.

John Liverton to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 14th December, 1868.

William Arthur Grace to be Ensign. Date of commission, 12th December, 1868.

In the Wairarapa and Castle Point Militia.

Frederick Maunsell to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 1st December, 1868.

Duncan Cameron to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 1st December, 1868.

In the Wanganui Militia.

Lieutenant John Peake to be Captain. Date of commission, 16th December, 1868.

Lieutenant Edward Broughton to be Captain. Date of commission, 17th December, 1868.

Ensign Edward Greenway to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 16th December, 1868.

Ensign Henry John Perham to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 17th December, 1868.

Ensign Henry William Witchell to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 18th December, 1868.

Ensign John Patten Watt to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 19th December, 1868.

In the Manawatu Militia.

John Kebbell, junior, to be Captain. Date of commission, 17th December, 1868.

John Taylor Dalrymple to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 17th December, 1868.

John Knowles to be Ensign. Date of commission, 17th December, 1868.

In the Auckland Engineer Volunteers.

Arthur Algernon Crapp to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 20th November, 1868.

In the Turakina Cavalry Volunteers.

Captain William Thomas Owen (Wanganui Militia) to be Captain. Date of commission, 12th December, 1868.

In the Victoria Troop, Rangitikei Cavalry Volunteers. William Retemeyer to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 28th November, 1868.

T. M. HAULTAIN.

Colonial Defence Office,

Wellington, 28th December, 1868.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation of the commissions held by the under-mentioned officers, *viz.*:—

Captain Richard B. Leatham, New Zealand Militia (unattached).

Ensign L. L. Carr, Napier Militia.

T. M. HAULTAIN.

Colonial Defence Office,
Wellington, 28th December, 1868.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to cancel the commission held by
Cornet John Ballance, Wanganui Cavalry Volunteers.

T. M. HAULTAIN.

Colonial Defence Office,
Wellington, 28th December, 1868.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the services of the under-mentioned Corps, viz. :—

The Victoria Troop, Rangitikei Cavalry Volunteers.
Date of acceptance, 28th November, 1868.
The Alexandra Troop, Cavalry Volunteers. Date of acceptance, 8th December, 1868.
The Manawatu Cavalry Volunteers. Date of acceptance, 8th December, 1868.

T. M. HAULTAIN.

General Post Office,
Wellington, 21st December, 1868.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to authorize

THE PAYMASTER OF THE FIELD FORCE to frank, free from prepayment of postage, Letters or Packets sent by him on the Public Service.

T. M. HAULTAIN,
(in the absence of Mr. Hall).

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

*Discontinuance of Harbour Staff at Mokihinui.
Extinction of Light at Mokihinui.*

NOTICE is hereby given that from and after the first day of April next (April 1st, 1869), the Harbour Establishment at Mokihinui will be discontinued, and the Harbour Light at present exhibited there will be extinguished.

JOHN HALL,
Postmaster-General.

General Post Office,
Wellington, 29th December, 1868.

General Post Office,
Wellington, 28th December, 1868.

THE following Money Order Notice, received from the General Post Office, Brisbane, in the Colony of Queensland, is published for general information.

By order,
G. ELLIOTT ELLIOTT,
Secretary.

General Post Office,
Brisbane, 9th December, 1868.

SIR.—I am directed to inform you that Money Order Offices will be established at the following Post Towns in this Colony, on the 1st January, 1869 :—

Coppermines, Nebo,
Gainsford, Tambo ;
Navango,

and the following Post Towns on the 1st February, 1869, namely, —

Burketown, Cape River Diggings.
Norman River,

I have, &c.,
F. SALISBURY,
Chief Clerk.

Native Office,
Wellington, 22nd December, 1868.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

TAURAU KUKUPA

to be an Assessor for the purposes of "The Resident Magistrates Act, 1867," "The Native Circuit Courts Act, 1858," and "The Native Circuit Courts Act Amendment Act, 1862," within the District of Kaipara.

T. M. HAULTAIN.

Native Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 29th December, 1868.

IT is hereby notified that
GEORGE AUGUSTUS PREECE,
has been duly authorized to act as an Interpreter under "The Native Lands Act, 1865," and "The Native Lands Act, 1867."

T. M. HAULTAIN.

SUPREME COURT OF NEW ZEALAND.

Rules and Regulations under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867."

WHEREAS it was enacted by "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867" (section 5), That the Judges of the Supreme Court, or any three of them, shall have power to make Rules and Regulations concerning the practice, pleading, and procedure under the said Act :

Now we, the Judges of the Supreme Court, do make the following Rules and Regulations, to take effect on and after the 1st day of January, 1869.

Dated at Wellington, this ninth day of November, A.D. 1867.

(Signed) GEORGE ALFRED ARNEY, C.J.
ALEXANDER J. JOHNSTON.
H. B. GRESSON.
C. W. RICHMOND.
C. D. R. WARD.

Subjects of Rules.

	Rules.
Sittings of the Court and Judges	1-2
Interpretation	3
Books to be kept	4
Petition	5-7
Co-respondents	8-11
Citation	12-13
Service	14-22
Appearance	23-26
Interveners	27-28
Suits in <i>forma pauperis</i>	29-31
Answer	32-35
Further pleadings	36-37
General rules as to pleading	38-42
Service of pleadings	43
Mode of trial	44
Questions of fact for Jury	45-47
Setting down cause for trial or hearing	48-51
Entering verdict at trial	52
Hearing parties (without answer) as to costs and custody of children	53
Evidence by affidavit	54-58
Proceedings by petition on collateral questions	59-63
New trial or hearing	64
Petition for reversal of decree of judicial separation	65-68
Demurrer	69
Intervention of Attorney-General	70-71
Showing cause against decree <i>nisi</i> for dissolution	71-78
Appeals to the Court of Appeal	79-81
Decree absolute for dissolution	82
Alimony	83-95
Maintenance and settlements	96-104
Custody of and access to children	105
Guardians to minors	106-109
Subpenas	110
Writs of attachment and other writs	111-113
Notices	114
Service of notice, &c.	115-118
Office copies, extracts, &c.	119-121
Time fixed by rules	122-124
Bond not required	125
Change of solicitor	126-127
Order for immediate examination of witness	128-130
Commissions and requisitions for examination of witnesses	131-136
Affidavits	137-144

Cases for motion...	...	...	...	145-148
Taxing bills of costs	...	...	...	149-155
Wife's costs	...	...	...	156-157
Summons	...	...	...	158-166
Payment of money out of Court	...	...	...	167-168
Appendix of Forms.				

Sittings of the Court and Judges under the Act.

1. Each Judge shall give a notice, to be published in the *Government Gazette* (a copy whereof shall be fixed up in the office of each Registrar and Deputy-Registrar in the Judicial District of such Judge), of the times at which he will sit in Court and in Chambers for the despatch of business under the Act: Provided that he may sit at such other times, either in Court or Chambers, as he may deem expedient, without any previous notice or publication.

2. The Judges shall cause public notice to be given from year to year, of the times and places at which three or more of them will sit to hear and determine petitions for the dissolution or for a sentence of nullity of marriage, under section 60 of the Act; at which also motions before the full Court to make absolute rules *nisi* for a new trial under section 55, will be heard and determined.

Interpretation.

3. The word "Judge" shall, unless the context show the contrary, mean the Judge to whom the Judicial District has been assigned within which any petition has been filed, or proceedings have been taken under the Act.

The word "Registrar" shall include "Deputy-Registrar" of the Supreme Court.

Books to be kept.

4. Each Registrar of the Supreme Court shall keep a book to be called "The Registrar's Minute Book under 'The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867,'" wherein minutes of all proceedings shall be entered from day to day as they occur; also, a book to be called "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Proceeding Book," in which, under the proper title of each case, every proceeding therein, and every appearance, every document filed, every motion or summons, and the hearing thereof, and the order or decree thereon, every appointment of a hearing, and every decree or order thereon, and every other matter and thing done in Court or at Chambers, or in the Registrar's Office, shall be entered in chronological order, with the dates thereof, as they shall occur.

Petition.

5. Proceedings before the Supreme Court under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867," shall be commenced by filing a petition. (Form, Appendix No. 1.)

6. Every petition shall be accompanied by an affidavit made by the petitioner, verifying the facts of which he or she has personal cognizance, and deposing as to belief in the truth of the other facts alleged in the petition; and such affidavit shall be filed with the petition.

7. In cases where the petitioner is seeking a decree of nullity of marriage, or of judicial separation, or of dissolution of marriage, or a decree in a suit of jactitation of marriage, the petitioner's affidavit filed with his or her petition shall further state that no collusion or connivance exists between the petitioner and the other party to the marriage or alleged marriage.

Co-Respondents.

8. Upon a husband filing a petition for dissolution of marriage on the ground of adultery, the alleged adulterers shall be made co-respondents in the cause, unless the Judge shall otherwise direct.

9. Application for such direction is to be made to the Judge on motion or summons, founded on affidavit.

10. If the names of the alleged adulterers or either of them should be unknown to the petitioner at the time of filing his petition, the same must be supplied as soon as known, and application must be made forthwith to the Registrar to amend the petition by inserting such name therein; and the Registrar to whom the application is made shall give his directions as to such amendment, and such further directions as he may think fit as to service of the amended petition.

11. The term "respondent," where the same is hereinafter used, shall include all co-respondents so far as the same is applicable to them.

Citation.

12. Every petitioner who files a petition and affidavit shall forthwith extract a citation under seal of the Court for service on each respondent in the cause. (Form, Appendix No. 2.)

13. Every citation shall be written or printed on parchment, and the party extracting the same, or his or her solicitor, shall take it, together with a *præcipe*, to the Registrar's Office, and there deposit the *præcipe*, and get the citation signed and sealed. (Form of *Præcipe*, Appendix No. 3.) The address given in the *præcipe* must be within three miles of the Registrar's Office.

Service.

14. Citations are to be served personally when that can be done.

15. Service of a citation shall be effected by personally delivering a true copy of the citation to the party cited, and producing the original if required.

16. To every person served with a citation shall be delivered, together with the copy of the citation, a certified copy of the petition under seal of the Court.

17. In cases where personal service cannot be effected, application may be made by motion or summons to the Judge, or to the Registrar in his absence, to substitute some other mode of service.

18. After service has been effected, the citation, with a certificate of service endorsed thereon, shall be forthwith returned into and filed in the Registrar's Office. (Form of Certificate, Appendix No. 4.)

19. When it is ordered that a citation shall be advertised, the newspapers containing the advertisements are to be filed in the Registrar's Office with the citation.

20. The above Rules, so far as they relate to the service of citations, are to apply to the service of all other instruments requiring personal service.

21. Before a petitioner can proceed, after having extracted a citation, an appearance must have been entered by or on behalf of the respondents; or it must be shown, by affidavit filed in the Registrar's Office, that they have been duly cited, and have not appeared.

22. An affidavit of service of a citation must be substantially in the Form given in the Appendix (No. 5); and the citation referred to in the affidavit must be annexed to such affidavit, and marked by the person before whom the same is sworn.

Appearance.

23. All appearances to citations are to be entered in the Proceedings Book, according to the Form of Entry in the Appendix No. 6.

24. An appearance may be entered at any time before a proceeding has been taken in default, or afterwards, as hereinafter directed, or by leave of the Judge, or of the Registrar in his absence, to be applied for by motion or summons founded on affidavit.

25. Every entry of an appearance shall be accompanied by an address within three miles of the Registrar's Office.

26. If a party cited wishes to raise any question as to the jurisdiction of the Court, he or she must enter an appearance under protest, and within eight days file in the Registrar's Office his or her act on petition, in extension of such protest, and on the same day deliver a copy thereof to the petitioner. After the entry of an absolute appearance to the citation, a party cited cannot raise any objection as to jurisdiction.

Interveners.

27. Application for leave to intervene in any cause must be made to the Judge by motion or summons.

28. Every party intervening must join in the proceedings at the stage in which he finds them, unless it is otherwise ordered by the Judge.

Suits in Formá Pauperis.

29. Any person desirous of prosecuting a suit *in formá pauperis* is to lay a case before Counsel, and obtain an opinion that he or she has reasonable grounds for proceeding.

30. No person shall be admitted to prosecute a suit *in formá pauperis* without the order of the Judge; and to obtain such order the case laid before Counsel, and his opinion thereon, with an affidavit of the party or of his or her solicitor that the said case contains a full and true statement of all the material facts, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, and an affidavit of the party applying as to his or her income or means of living, and that he or she is not worth £50 after payment of his or her just debts, save and except his or her wearing apparel, shall be produced at the time such application is made.

31. Where a husband admitted to sue as a pauper neglects to proceed in a cause, he may be called upon by summons to show cause why he should not pay costs, though he has not been dispaupered, and why all further proceedings should not be stayed until such costs be paid.

Answer.

32. Each respondent who has entered an appearance may, within twenty-one days after service of citation on him or her if he or she resides within twenty miles of the Registrar's Office, or within twenty-eight days if he or she resides more than twenty but within fifty miles of such office, or within thirty-five days if he or she resides more than fifty miles from such office, file an answer to the petition. (Form of Answer, Appendix No. 7.)

33. Each respondent shall, on the day he or she files an answer, deliver a copy thereof to the petitioner, or to his or her solicitor.

34. Every answer, which contains matter other than a simple denial of the facts stated in the petition, shall be accompanied by an affidavit made by the respondent, verifying such other additional matter so far as he or she has personal cognizance thereof, and deposing as to his or her belief in the truth of the rest of such other or additional matter; and such affidavit shall be filed with the answer.

35. In cases involving a decree of nullity of marriage, or of judicial separation, or of dissolution of marriage, or a decree in a suit of jactitation of marriage, the respondent, who is husband or wife of the petitioner, shall, in the affidavit filed with the answer, further state that there is not any collusion or connivance between the deponent and the petitioner.

Further Pleadings.

36. Within fourteen days from the filing and delivery of the answer, the petitioner may file a reply thereto; and the same period shall be allowed for filing any further pleading by way of rejoinder, or any subsequent pleading.

37. A copy of every reply and subsequent pleading shall, on the day the same is filed, be delivered to the opposite parties, or to their solicitor.

General Rules as to Pleading.

38. Either party desiring to alter or amend any pleading must apply by motion to the Court, or by summons to a Judge at Chambers, for permission to do so, unless the alteration or amendment be merely verbal, or in the nature of a clerical error, in which case it may be made by order of the Judge, or the Registrar in his absence, obtained on summons.

39. When a petition, answer, or other pleading has been ordered to be altered or amended, the time for filing and delivering a copy of the next pleading shall be reckoned from the time of the order having been complied with.

40. A copy of every pleading, showing the alterations and amendments made therein, shall be delivered to the opposite parties on the day such alterations and amendments are made in the pleadings filed in the Registrar's Office; and the opposite parties, if they have already pleaded in answer thereto, shall be at liberty to amend such answer, within four days, or such further time as may be allowed for the purpose.

41. If either party in the cause fail to file or deliver a copy of the answer, reply, or other pleading, or to alter or amend the same, or to deliver a copy of any altered or amended pleading, within the time allowed for the purpose, the party to whom the copy of such answer, reply, or other pleading, or altered or amended pleading, ought to have been delivered, shall not be bound to receive it; and such answer, reply, or other pleading shall not be filed or be treated, or considered as having been filed, or be altered or amended, unless by order of the Judge, or of the Registrar, to be obtained on summons. The expense of obtaining such order shall fall on the party applying for it, unless the Judge or Registrar shall otherwise direct.

42. Applications for further particulars of matters pleaded are to be made to the Judge, or to the Registrar in his absence, by summons and not by motion.

Service of Pleadings, &c.

43. It shall be sufficient to leave all pleadings and other instruments, personal service of which is not expressly required by these Rules, at the respective addresses furnished by or on behalf of the several parties to the cause.

Mode of Trial.

44. When the pleadings, on being concluded, have raised any questions of fact, the petitioner, within fourteen days from the filing of the last pleading, or at the expiration of that time, on the next day appointed for sittings in Chambers,—or in case the petitioner shall fail to do so at such time, either of the respondents on whose behalf such questions have been raised,—may apply to the Judge, by motion or summons; and the Judge shall, on hearing the parties, decide whether the case shall be heard before the Court on the facts, or whether the same shall be tried by a Jury; and if so, whether by a Common or a Special Jury; and he shall appoint the time and place at which such trial shall take place, and make such order with respect to admissions and documents as he has power to do with respect to actions not under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867."

Questions of Fact for Jury.

45. Whenever the Judge directs the issue of fact in a cause to be tried by a Jury, the questions of fact raised by the pleadings are to be briefly stated in writing by the petitioner, and settled by the Judge. (Form, Appendix No. 8.)

46. Should the petitioner fail to prepare and deposit the questions for settlement in the Registrar's Office within fourteen days after the Judge has

directed the mode of trial, either of the respondents on whose behalf such questions have been raised shall be at liberty to do so.

47. After the questions have been settled by the Judge or Registrar, the party who has deposited the same shall deliver a copy thereof as settled to each of the other parties to be heard on the trial of the cause; and either of such parties shall be at liberty to apply to the Judge by summons within eight days, or at the expiration of that time on the next day appointed for the Judge sitting in Chambers to alter or amend the same: and his decision shall be final.

Setting down the cause for Trial or Hearing.

48. In cases to be tried by a Jury, the petitioner, after the expiration of eight days from the delivery of copies of the questions for the Jury to the opposite parties, or from alteration or amendment of the same in pursuance of the order of the Judge, shall file such questions as finally settled, in the Registrar's Office, and at the same time set the cause down as ready for trial on the day appointed by the Judge; and, on the same day, give notice of his having done so to each party for whom an appearance has been entered.

49. In cases to be heard without a Jury, the petitioner shall, after obtaining directions as to the mode of hearing, set the cause down for hearing, and, on the same day, give notice of his having done so to each party in the cause for whom an appearance has been entered.

50. If the petitioner fail to file the questions for the Jury, or to set down the cause for trial or hearing, or to give due notice thereof for the space of one month after directions have been given as to the mode in which the cause shall be tried or heard, either of the respondents entitled to be heard at such trial or hearing may file the questions for the Jury, and set the cause down for trial or hearing, and shall, on the same day, give notice of having done so to the petitioner, and to each of the other parties to the cause for whom an appearance has been entered.

51. A copy of every notice of the cause being set down for trial or hearing shall be filed in the Registrar's Office; and the cause shall come on in its turn, unless the Judge shall otherwise direct.

Entering Verdict at Trial.

52. The Registrar shall enter in "The Registrar's Minute Book, under 'The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867,'" the finding of the Jury and the decree of the Court, and shall sign the same.

Hearing Parties without Answer, as to Costs and Custody of Children.

53. Either of the respondents in the cause, after entering an appearance, without filing an answer to the petition in the principal cause, may be heard in respect of any question as to costs; and the respondent who is husband or wife of the petitioner may be heard also in respect to any question as to custody of children: but a respondent who may be so heard is not at liberty to bring in affidavits touching matters in issue in the principal cause; and no such affidavits can be read or made use of as evidence in the cause.

Evidence taken by Affidavit.

54. When the Judge has directed that all or any of the facts set forth in the pleadings be proved by affidavits, such affidavits shall be filed in the Registrar's Office within eight days from the time when such direction was given, unless the Judge shall otherwise direct.

55. Counter-affidavits as to any facts to be proved by affidavit may be filed within eight days from the filing of the affidavits which they are intended to answer.

56. Copies of all such affidavits and counter-affidavits shall, on the day the same are filed, be delivered to the other parties, to be heard on the trial or hearing of the cause, or to their solicitor.

57. Affidavits in reply to such counter-affidavits cannot be filed without permission of the Judge, or of the Registrar in his absence.

58. Application for an order for the attendance of a deponent for the purpose of being cross-examined in open Court shall be made to the Judge on summons, or in his absence to the Registrar.

Proceedings by Petition on collateral question.

59. Any party to a cause, who has entered an appearance, may apply on summons to the Judge to be heard on his petition touching any collateral question which may arise in a suit.

60. The party to whom leave has been given to be heard on his petition shall, within eight days, file his act on petition in the Registrar's Office, and on the same day deliver a copy thereof to such parties in the cause as are required to answer thereto.

61. Each party to whom a copy of an Act on petition is delivered shall, within eight days after receiving the same, file his or her answer thereto in the Registrar's Office, and on the same day deliver a copy thereof to the opposite party; and the same course shall be pursued with respect to the reply, rejoinder, &c., until the act on petition is concluded. (Form of Act on Petition, Answer, and Conclusion, Appendix No. 9.)

62. Each party to the act on petition shall, within eight days from that on which the last statement in answer is filed, file in the Registrar's Office such affidavits and other proofs as may be necessary in support of their several averments.

63. After the time for filing affidavits and proof has expired, the party filing the act on petition is to set down the petition for hearing in the same manner as a cause; and in the event of his failing to do so within a month, any party who has filed an answer thereto may set the same down for hearing; and the petition will be heard in its turn with other causes, to be heard by the Judge, without a Jury.

New Trial or Hearing.

64. An application to the Judge for a new trial of issue of facts tried by a Jury, or a re-hearing of a cause, may be made by motion within four days from the day on which the issues were tried, or the cause was heard, if the Judge be then sitting to hear motions; if not, on the first day appointed either for hearing motions under the Act, or for sitting at Chambers under the Act, after the expiration of the four days.

Petition for Reversal of Decree of Judicial Separation.

65. A petition to the Court for the reversal of a decree of judicial separation must set out the grounds on which the petition relies. (Form, Appendix No. 10.)

66. Before such a petition can be filed, an appearance on behalf of the party praying for a reversal of the decree of judicial separation must be entered in the cause in which the decree has been pronounced.

67. A certified copy of such petition, under the seal of the Court, shall be delivered personally to the party in the cause in whose favour the decree has been made, who may, within fourteen days, file an answer thereto in the Registrar's Office, and shall, on the day on which the answer is filed, deliver a copy thereof to the other party in the cause, or to his or her solicitor.

68. All subsequent pleadings and proceedings arising from such petition and answer shall be filed

and carried on in the same manner as before directed in respect of an original petition for judicial separation and answer thereto, so far as such directions are applicable.

Demurrer.

69. All demurrers are to be set down for hearing in the same manner as causes, and will come on in their turn with other causes to be heard by the Judge without a Jury, unless the Judge shall direct otherwise.

Intervention of the Attorney-General.

70. The Attorney-General, or, in case of a vacancy in that office, the Solicitor-General, if he shall think fit to oppose any petition which he has by law a right to oppose, shall, within fourteen days after he has received a copy of the petition, enter an appearance and plead to the petition, and on the day he files his plea in the Registrar's Office shall deliver a copy thereof to the petitioner, or to his or her solicitor.

71. All subsequent pleadings and proceedings in respect to the Attorney or Solicitor General's intervention in any cause shall be filed and carried on in the same manner as before directed in respect of the pleadings and proceedings of the original parties to the cause.

Showing cause against a Decree Nisi for Dissolution.

72. Any person wishing to shew cause against making absolute a decree *nisi* for dissolution of a marriage shall enter an appearance in the cause in which such decree *nisi* has been pronounced.

73. Every such person shall at the time of entering an appearance, or within four days thereafter, file affidavits setting forth the facts upon which he relies.

74. Upon the same day on which such person files his affidavits, he shall deliver a copy of the same to the party in the cause in whose favour the decree *nisi* has been pronounced.

75. The party in the cause in whose favour the decree *nisi* has been pronounced may, within eight days after delivery of the affidavits, file affidavits in answer, and shall, upon the day such affidavits are filed, deliver a copy thereof to the person showing cause against the decree being made absolute.

76. The person showing cause against the decree *nisi* being made absolute may, within eight days, file affidavits in reply, and shall, upon the same day, deliver copies thereof to the parties supporting the decree *nisi*.

77. No affidavits are to be filed in rejoinder to the affidavits in reply without permission of the Judge, or the Registrar in his absence.

78. The questions raised on such affidavits shall be argued before the full Court (See section 55)—in such manner and at such time as the Judge may on application by motion or summons direct; and if he thinks fit to direct any controverted questions of fact to be tried by a jury, the same shall be settled and tried in the same manner and subject to the same rules as any issues tried in the Court.

Appeals to the Court of Appeal.

79. An appeal to the Court of Appeal from a decision of one or more Judges must be asserted in writing, and the instrument of appeal filed in the Registrar's Office within the time allowed by law for appealing from such decision; and on the same day on which the appeal is filed notice thereof and a copy of the appeal shall be delivered to each respondent in the appeal, or to his or her solicitor. (Form of Instrument of Appeal, Appendix No. 11.)

80. The appellant, within ten days after filing his instrument of appeal, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Judge, or by the Registrar in his absence, shall file in the Registrar's Office his

case in support of the appeal, on parchment, and five copies thereof on paper; and on the same day deliver a copy thereof to each respondent in the appeal, or to his or her solicitor, who within ten days from the time of such filing and delivery, or from such further time as may be allowed for the purpose by the Judge or the Registrar in his absence, shall be at liberty to file in the Registrar's Office a case against the appeal, on parchment, and also five copies thereof on paper; and the respondent shall on the same day deliver a copy thereof to the appellant or to his solicitor.

81. After the expiration of ten days from the time when the respondent has filed his case, or if he has filed none, from the time allowed him for the purpose, the appeal shall stand for hearing at the next sitting of the Court of Appeal; and the case for appeal and the copies thereof, and the case in answer and the copies of the same, shall be forthwith forwarded by the Registrar to the Registrar of the Court of Appeal.

Decree Absolute for Dissolution.

82. All applications to make absolute a decree *nisi* for dissolution of a marriage must be made to the full Court by motion. In support of such applications it must be shown by affidavit filed with the case for motion that search has been made in the proper books at the Registrar's Office up to within two days of the affidavit being filed, and that at such time no person had obtained leave to intervene in the cause, and that no appearance had been entered nor any affidavits filed on behalf of any person wishing to show cause against the decree *nisi* being made absolute; and in case leave to intervene had been obtained or appearance entered, or affidavits filed on behalf of any such person, it must be shown by affidavit what proceedings, if any, had been taken thereon; but it shall not be necessary to file a copy of the decree *nisi*. (Form of Affidavit, Appendix No. 12.)

Alimony.

83. The wife, being the petitioner in a cause, may file her petition for alimony pending suit, at any time after the citation has been duly served on the husband, or after order made by the Judge to dispense with such service, provided the *factum* of marriage between the parties is established by affidavit previously filed.

84. The wife, being the respondent in a cause, after having entered an appearance, may also file her petition for alimony pending suit. (Form of Petition, Appendix No. 13.)

85. The husband shall, within eight days of the filing and delivery of a petition for alimony, file his answer thereto upon oath.

86. The husband, being respondent in the cause, must enter an appearance before he can file an answer to a petition for alimony.

87. The wife, if not satisfied with the husband's answer, may object to the same as insufficient, and apply to the Judge, on motion or by summons, to order him to give a further and fuller answer on the hearing of the petition for the purpose of being examined thereon.

88. In case the answer of the husband alleges that the wife has property of her own, she may (within eight days after delivery of the answer), file a reply on oath to that allegation; but the husband is not at liberty to file a rejoinder to such a reply without permission of the Judge, or of the Registrar in his absence.

89. A copy of every petition for alimony, answer, and reply, must be delivered to the opposite party, or to his or her solicitor, on the day the same is filed.

90. After the husband has filed his answer to the

petition for alimony (subject to any order as to costs), or, if no answer is filed at the expiration of the time allowed for filing an answer, the wife may proceed to examine witnesses in support of her petition, and apply by motion for an allotment of alimony pending suit; notice of the motion and of the intention to examine witnesses being given to the husband, or to his solicitor, four days previously to the motion being heard and the witnesses examined, unless the Judge shall dispense with such notice.

91. No affidavit can be read or made use of as evidence in support of or in opposition to the averments contained in a petition for alimony, or in an answer to such a petition, or in a reply, except as may be required by the Judge or by the Registrar.

92. A wife who has obtained a final decree of judicial separation in her favour, and has previously thereto filed her petition for alimony pending suit, on such decree being affirmed on appeal to the Court of Appeal, or after the expiration of the time for appealing against the decree, if no appeal be then pending, may apply to the Judge by motion for an allotment of permanent alimony, provided that she shall, eight days at least before making such application, give notice thereof to the husband or to his solicitor.

93. A wife may at any time after alimony has been allotted to her, whether alimony pending suit or permanent alimony, file her petition for an increase of the alimony allotted, by reason of the increased faculties of the husband, or the husband may file a petition for diminution of the alimony allotted, by reason of reduced faculties; and the course of proceeding in such cases shall be the same as required by these Rules and Regulations in respect of the original petition for alimony and the allotment thereof, so far as the same are applicable.

94. Permanent alimony shall, unless otherwise ordered, commence and be computed from the date of the final decree of the Judge or Judges, or of the Court of Appeal, as the case may be.

95. Alimony pending suit, and also permanent alimony, shall be paid to the wife, or to some person or persons to be nominated in writing by her, and approved of by the Court, as trustee or trustees on her behalf.

Maintenance and Settlements.

96. Applications to the Court to exercise the authority given by sections 27, 37, and 38 of the Act, are to be filed in a separate petition, which must, unless by leave of the Judge, be filed as soon as by the said Act such application can be made, or within one month thereafter.

97. In cases of application for maintenance under section 27, such petition may be filed as soon as a decree *nisi* has been pronounced, but not before.

98. A certified copy of such petition, under seal of the Court, shall be personally served on the husband or wife (as the case may be); and on the person or persons who may have any legal or beneficial interest in the property in respect of which the application is made; unless the Judge, on motion or summons, shall direct any other mode of service, or dispense with service of the same on them or either of them.

99. The husband or wife (as the case may be), and the other person or persons (if any) who are served with such petition, within fourteen days after service, may file his, her, or their answer or answers on oath to the said petition; and shall on the same day deliver a copy thereof to the opposite party, or to his solicitor.

100. Any person served with the petition, not being a party to the principal cause, must enter an appearance before he or she can file an answer thereto.

101. Within fourteen days from the filing the answer, the opposite party may file a reply thereto;

and the same period shall be allowed for filing any further pleading by way of rejoinder.

102. Such pleadings, when completed, shall in the first instance be referred to the Judge, or the Registrar in his absence, who shall investigate the averments therein contained in the presence of the parties, or their solicitors, and who for that purpose shall be at liberty to require the production of any documents referred to in such pleadings, or to call for any affidavits; and the Registrar shall report in writing to the Court the result of the investigation, and any special circumstances to be taken into consideration with reference to the prayer of the petition.

103. The report of the Registrar shall be filed in the Registrar's Office by the husband or wife, on whose behalf the petition has been filed, who shall give notice thereof to the other parties who have been heard; and either of the parties, within fourteen days after such notice has been given, or on the first day appointed for sittings in Court or at Chambers after the expiration of fourteen days, may be heard by the Judge on motion in objection to the Registrar's report, or may apply on motion or summons in objection to the Registrar's report, or may apply on motion or summons for a decree or order to confirm the same, and to carry out the prayer of the petition.

104. The costs of a wife of and arising from the said petition or answer, shall not be allowed, on taxation of costs, against the husband before the final decree in the principal cause, without direction of the Judge.

Custody of and Access to Children.

105. Before the trial or hearing of a cause, a husband or wife who is party to it may apply for an order with respect to the custody, maintenance, or education of, or for access to children (issue of their marriage), to the Judge, by motion or summons, founded on affidavit.

Guardians to Minors.

106. A minor above the age of seven years may elect any one or more of his or her next of kin or next friend as guardian, for the purpose of proceeding on his or her behalf as petitioner, respondent, or intervener in a cause. (Form of an Instrument of Election, Appendix No. 14.)

107. The necessary instrument of election must be filed in the Registrar's Office before the guardian elected can be permitted to extract a citation or to enter an appearance on behalf of the minor.

108. When a minor shall elect some person or persons other than his or her next of kin, as guardian for the purpose of a suit, or when an infant (under age of seven years) becomes a party to a suit, application founded on affidavit is to be made to the Registrar, who will assign a guardian to the minor or infant for such suit.

109. It shall not be necessary for a minor who, as an alleged adulterer, is made a co-respondent in a suit, to elect a guardian, or to have a guardian assigned to him for the purpose of conducting his defence.

Subpœnas.

110. Every subpœna shall be written or printed on parchment, and may include the names of any number of witness. The party issuing the same, or his or her solicitor, shall take it, together with a præcipe to the Registrar's Office, and there get it signed and sealed, and there deposit præcipe. (Forms of Subpœna, Appendix Nos. 15 and 17; and Forms of Præcipe, Nos. 16 and 18.)

Writs of Attachment and other Writs.

111. Application for writs of attachment and also for writs of *feri facias* and of sequestration, must be made to the Judge by motion or summons.

112. Such writs, when ordered to issue, are to be prepared by the party at whose instance the order has been obtained, and taken to the Registrar's Office, and compared with the Registrar's minute of the order, and when approved and signed by one of the Registrars, shall be sealed with the seal of the Court; and it shall not be necessary for the Judge to sign such writ.

113. Any person in custody under a writ of attachment may apply for his or her discharge to the Judge, or in his absence to the Registrar; who for good cause shown shall have power to order such discharge.

Notices.

114. All notices required by these Rules and Regulations, or by the practice of the Court, shall be in writing or print, and signed by the party, or by his or her solicitor.

Service of Notices, &c.

115. It shall be sufficient to leave all notices and copies of pleadings and other instruments which by these Rules and Regulations are required to be given or delivered to the opposite parties in the cause, or to their solicitors, and personal service of which is not expressly required, at the address furnished as aforesaid by the petitioner and respondent respectively.

116. When it is necessary to give notice of any motion to be made to the Court, or to serve any summons, such notice or summons shall be served on the opposite parties, who have entered an appearance, four clear days previously to the hearing of such motion or summons; and a copy of the notice so served shall be filed in the Registrar's Office with the case for motion or summons; but no proof of the service of the notice will be required, unless by direction of the Judge.

117. If any order be obtained on motion or summons without due notice to the opposite parties, such order will be rescinded on the application of the parties upon whom the notice should have been served; and the expense of and arising from the rescinding of such order shall fall on the party who obtained it, unless the Judge shall otherwise direct.

118. When it is necessary to serve personally any order or decree of the Court, the original order or decree, or an office copy thereof, under seal of the Court, must be produced to the party served, and annexed to the affidavit of service marked as an exhibit by the person before whom the affidavit is sworn.

Office Copies, Extracts, &c.

119. The Registrar of the Court is to have the custody of all pleadings and other documents now or hereafter to be brought in or filed, and of all entries of orders and decrees made in any matter or suit depending under the Act; and all other rules and orders, and fees payable in respect of searches for, inspection or copies of, and extracts from and attendance with, books and documents in the Registrar's Office, shall extend to such pleadings and other documents brought in or filed; and all entries of orders and decrees made in the Court under the Act, save the length of the copies and extracts, shall in all cases be computed at the rate of seventy-two words per folio.

120. Office copies or extracts furnished from the Registrar's Office will not be collated with the originals from which the same are copied, unless specially required. Every copy so required to be examined shall be certified under the hand of the Registrar or Deputy Registrar of the Court to be an examined copy.

121. The seal of the Court will not be affixed to any copy which is not certified to be an examined copy.

Time fixed for these Rules.

122. The Judge shall in every case in which a time is fixed by these Rules and Regulations for the performance of any act, or for any proceeding in default, have power to extend the same to such time, and with such qualifications and restrictions, and on such terms, as to him may seem fit.

123. To prevent the time limited for the performance of any act, or for any proceeding in default, from expiring before application can be made to the Judge for an extension thereof, a Registrar may, upon reasonable cause being shown, extend the time; provided that such time shall in no case be extended beyond the day upon which the Judge shall next sit in Chambers under the Act.

124. The time fixed by these Rules and Regulations for the performance of any act or of any proceeding in a cause, shall in all cases be exclusive of Sunday, Christmas Day, and Good Friday, and the other holidays mentioned in the general rules of practice and procedure of the Supreme Court.

Bond not required.

125. On a decree for judicial separation being pronounced, it shall not be necessary for either party to enter into a bond conditioned against marrying again.

Change of Solicitor.

126. A party may obtain an order to change his or her solicitor, upon application by summons to the Judge, or to the Registrar in his absence.

127. In case the former solicitor neglects to file his bill of costs for taxation at the time required by the order served upon him, the party may, with the sanction and by order of the Judge or Registrar, proceed in the cause by the new solicitor, without previous payment of such costs.

Order for the immediate Examination of a Witness.

128. Application for an order for the immediate examination of a witness who is within the jurisdiction of the Court, is to be made to the Judge—or to the Registrar in his absence, by summons; or if on behalf of a petitioner proceeding in default of appearance of the parties cited in the cause, without summons, before the Registrar, who will direct the order to issue, or refer the application to the Judge as he may think fit.

129. Such witness shall be examined *viva voce*, unless otherwise directed, before a person to be agreed upon by the parties in the cause, or to be nominated by the Judge or by the Registrar to whom the application for the order is made.

130. The parties entitled to cross-examine the witness to be examined under such an order shall have four clear days' notice of the time and place appointed for the examination, unless the Judge or the Registrar to whom the application is made for the order shall direct a shorter notice to be given.

Commission and Requisition for Examination of Witnesses.

131. Application for a commission or requisition to examine witnesses who are out of the jurisdiction of the Court is to be made by summons, or, if on behalf of a petitioner proceeding in default of appearance, without summons, before the Registrar, who will order such commission or requisition to issue, or refer the application to the Judge as he may think fit.

132. A commission or requisition for examination of witnesses may be addressed to any person to be nominated and agreed upon by the parties in the cause and approved of by the Registrar, or for want of agreement, to be nominated by the Registrar to whom the application is made.

133. The commission or requisition is to be drawn up and prepared by the party applying for the same; and a copy thereof shall be delivered to the parties

entitled to cross-examine the witnesses to be examined thereunder, two clear days before such commission or requisition shall issue under seal of the Court; and they, or either of them, may apply to the Registrar by summons, to alter or amend the commission or requisition, or to insert any special provision therein; and the Registrar shall make an order on such application, or refer the matter to the Judge. (Form of Commission and Requisition, Appendix, No. 19.)

134. Any of the parties to the cause may apply to the Registrar by summons for leave to join in a commission or requisition, and to examine witnesses thereunder; and the Registrar to whom the application is made, may direct the necessary alterations to be made in the commission or requisition for that purpose, and settle the same, or refer the application to the Judge.

135. After the issuing of a summons to show why a party to the cause should not have leave to join in a commission or requisition, such commission or requisition shall not issue under seal without the direction of the Registrar.

136. In case a husband or wife shall apply for and obtain an order or a commission or requisition for the examination of witnesses, the wife shall be at liberty without any special order for that purpose, to apply by summons to the Registrar to ascertain and report to the Court, what is a sufficient sum of money to be paid or secured to the wife to cover her expenses in attending at the examination of such witnesses, in pursuance of such order, or in virtue of such commission or requisition; and such sum of money shall be paid or secured before such order or such commission or requisition shall issue from the Registrar's Office, unless the Judge, or the Registrar in his absence, shall otherwise direct.

Affidavits.

137. Every affidavit is to be drawn in the first person; and the addition and true place of abode of every deponent is to be inserted therein.

138. In every affidavit made by two or more persons, the names of the several persons making it are to be written in the *jurat*.

139. No affidavit will be admitted in any matter depending in the Court under the Act, in which any material part is written on an erasure, or in which there is any interlineation the extent of which, at the time when the affidavit was sworn, is not clearly shewn by the initials of the person before whom it was sworn.

140. When an affidavit is made by any person who is blind, or who, from his or her signature or otherwise, appears to be illiterate, the person before whom such affidavit is made is to state in the *jurat* that the affidavit was read in the presence of the party making the same, and that such party seemed perfectly to understand the same, and also made his or her mark, or wrote his or her signature thereto, in the presence of such person before whom the affidavit was made.

141. No affidavit is to be deemed sufficient which has been sworn before the party on whose behalf the same is offered, or before his solicitor, or before a partner or clerk of his or her solicitor.

142. Solicitors and their clerks respectively, if acting for any other solicitor, shall be subject to the Rules and Regulations in respect of taking affidavits which are applicable to those in whose stead they are acting.

143. When a special time is fixed for filing affidavits, no affidavit filed after that time shall be used, unless by leave of the Judge.

144. The above Rules and Regulations in respect to affidavits shall, so far as the same are applicable, be observed in respect to affirmations and declarations to be read or used in the Court, or before a Judge sitting in Court or in Chambers, under the Act.

Cases for Motion.

145. Cases for motion are to set forth the style and object of, and the names and descriptions of the parties to, the cause or proceeding before the Court; the proceedings already had in the cause, and the dates of the same; the prayer of the party on whose behalf the motion is made; and briefly, the circumstances on which it is founded.

146. If the cases tendered are deficient in any of the above particulars, the same shall not be received in the Registrar's Office, without permission of the Registrar.

147. On depositing the case in the Registrar's Office, and giving notice of the motion, the affidavits in support of the motion, and all original documents referred to in such affidavits, or to be referred to by Counsel on the hearing of the motion, must be also left in the Registrar's Office; or in case such affidavits or documents have been already filed or deposited in the Registrar's Office, the same must be searched for, looked up and deposited with the proper clerk, in order to their being sent with the case to the Judge.

148. Copies of any affidavits or documents to be read or used in support of a motion or summons, are to be delivered to the opposite parties to the suit who are entitled to be heard in opposition thereto.

Taxing Bills of Costs.

149. All bills of costs are referred to the Registrar for taxation, and may be taxed by him without any special order for that purpose. Such bills are to be filed in the Registrar's Office.

150. Notice of the time appointed for taxation will be forwarded to the party filing the bill at the address furnished by such party.

151. The party who has obtained an appointment to tax a bill of costs shall give the other party or parties to be heard on the taxation thereof at least one clear day's notice of such appointment, and shall, at or before the same time, deliver to him or them a copy of the bill to be taxed.

152. When an appointment has been made by a Registrar for taxing any bill of costs, and any parties to be heard on the taxation do not attend at the time appointed, the Registrar may nevertheless proceed to tax the bill after the expiration of a quarter of an hour, upon being satisfied by affidavit that the parties not in attendance had due notice of the time appointed.

153. The bill of costs of any solicitor will be taxed on his application, as against his client, after sufficient notice given to the person or persons liable for the payment thereof; or on the application of such person or persons, after sufficient notice given to the practitioner.

154. The fees payable on the taxation of any bill of costs shall be paid by the party on whose application the bill is taxed, and shall be allowed as part of such bill; but if more than one-sixth of the amount of any bill of costs taxed as between practitioner and client is disallowed on the taxation thereof, no costs incurred in such taxation shall be allowed as part of such bill.

155. If any order for payment of costs is required, the same may be obtained by summons, on the amount of such costs being certified by the Registrar.

Wife's Costs.

156. After directions given as to the mode of hearing or trial of a cause, or in an earlier stage of a cause by order of the Judge, or of the Registrar in his absence, to be obtained on summons, a wife who has entered an appearance may file her bill of costs for taxation as against her husband; and the Registrar to whom such bill of costs is referred for taxation shall, at the same time, if directions

as to the mode of hearing or trial have been given,—otherwise when the same are given,—ascertain and report to the Court what is a sufficient sum of money to be paid into the Court, or what is a sufficient security to be given by the husband to cover the costs of the wife of and incidental to the hearing or trial of the cause. (Form of Bond for securing a Wife's Costs of Hearing or Trial of a Cause, Appendix, No. 20.)

157. When on the hearing or trial of a cause, the decision of the Judge or the verdict of a Jury is against the wife, no costs of the wife of and incidental to such hearing or trial shall be allowed as against the husband, except such as shall be applied for and ordered to be allowed by the Judge, at the time of such hearing or trial.

Summons.

158. A summons may be taken out by any person in any matter of suit depending in the Court under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867;" provided there is no rule or practice requiring a different mode of proceeding.

159. The name of the cause or matter, and of the agent taking out the summons, is to be entered in the Proceedings Book, and a true copy of the summons is to be served on the party summoned one clear day at least before the summons is returnable, and before seven o'clock p.m. On Saturdays the copy of the summons is to be served before two o'clock p.m.

160. On the day and at the hour named in the summons, the party taking out the same is to present himself with the original summons at the Judge's Chambers or elsewhere appointed for hearing the same.

161. Both parties will be heard by the Judge, who will make such order as he may think fit; and a minute of such order will be made by the Registrar in the Minute and Proceedings Book.

162. If the party summoned do not appear after the lapse of half an hour from the time named in the summons, the party taking out the summons shall be at liberty to go before the Judge, who will thereupon make such order as he may think fit.

163. An attendance on behalf of the party summoned for the space of half an hour, if the party taking out the summons do not during such time appear, will be deemed sufficient, and bar the party taking out the summons from the right to go before the Judge on that occasion.

164. If a formal order is desired, the same may be had on the application of either party; and for that purpose the original summons, or the copy served on the party summoned, must be filed in the Registrar's Office. An order will thereupon be drawn up and delivered to the person filing such summons or copy.

165. If a summons is brought to the Registrar's office, with consent to an order indorsed thereon signed by the party summoned or by his or her solicitor, an order will be drawn up without the necessity of going before the Judge: Provided that the order sought is in the opinion of the Registrar one which under the circumstances would be made by the Judge.

166. The same rules and regulations shall, so far as applicable, be observed in respect to summonses which may be heard and disposed of by the Registrar.

Payment of Money out of Court.

167. Persons applying for payment of money out of Court are to bring into the Registrar's Office a notice in writing setting forth the day on which the money applied for was paid into the Registrar's Office, the minute entered in the Court books on receiving the same, the date and particulars of the order for payment to the applicant. In case the money ap-

plied for be in payment of costs, the notice must also set forth the date of filing the bill for taxation, and of the Registrar's certificate.

168. The above notice must be deposited in the Registrar's Office two clear days at least before the money is paid out, and is in that interval to be examined by the Registrar or a clerk with the original entries in the Court books, and the bills of costs referred to in it, and certified by such clerk to be correct.

APPENDIX.

Forms.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Petition. | 12. Affidavit in support of Motion for Decree. |
| 2. Citation. | 13. Petition of Alimony. |
| 3. Præcipe for same. | 14. Election of a Guardian. |
| 4. Certificate of Service. | 15. Subpœna ad Testificandum. |
| 5. Affidavit of Service. | 16. Præcipe for same. |
| 6. Entry of an Appearance. | 17. Subpœna duces tecum. |
| 7. Answer. | 18. Præcipe for the same. |
| 8. Questions of Fact for Jury. | 19. Commission or Requisition for the Examination of Witnesses. |
| 9. Act on Petition, Answer, and Conclusion. | 20. Bond for securing Wife's Costs. |
| 10. Petition for Reversal of Decree. | |
| 11. Appeal, Instrument of. | |

No. 1.—Petition.

In the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District. Under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867."

To Judge The day of A.D.

The Petition of of sheweth, 1. That your Petitioner was, on the day of 18 lawfully married to then a spinster (or widow) at the parish church of [here state where the marriage took place].

2. That after his said marriage your Petitioner lived and cohabited with his said wife at and at and that your Petitioner and his said wife have had issue of their said marriage three children, to wit [here state the names and ages of the children issue of the marriage].

3. That on the day of 18 and on other days between that day and the said at in the Province of the said committed adultery with

4. That in and during the months of January, February, and March, 18 the said frequently visited the said at and on divers of such occasions committed adultery with the said

Your Petitioner therefore humbly prays that your Honor will be pleased to decree [here set out the relief sought] and that your Petitioner may have such further and other relief in the premises as to your Lordship may seem meet.

(Petitioner's signature.)

No. 2.—Citation.

In the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District. Under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867."

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

To of in of WHEREAS of claiming to have been lawfully married to has filed his (or her) petition against in our said Court, praying for wherein alleges that you have been guilty of adultery with (or have been guilty of cruelty towards the said or as the case may be):

Now this is to command you that within eight days after service hereof on you, inclusive of the day of such service, you do appear in our said Court, then and there to make answer to the said petition, a copy whereof, sealed with the seal of our said Court, is herewith served upon you. And take notice, that in default of your so doing, the said Court will proceed to hear the said charge (or charges) proved in due course of law, and to pronounce sentence therein, your absence notwithstanding. And take further notice, that for the purpose aforesaid you are to attend in person or by your solicitor at the Registrar's Office at and there to enter an appearance in a book provided for that purpose, without which you will not be allowed to address the Court, either in person or by counsel, at any stage of the proceedings in the cause.

Dated at the day of 186 (Signed) Registrar.

No. 3.—Præcipe for Citation.

In the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District. Under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867."

CITATION for of against of to

appear in a suit for by reason of (Signed) (In person)
 Or Solicitor for the said
 [Here insert the address required within three miles of the Registrar's Office.]

No. 4.—Certificate of Service.
 THIS citation was duly served by the undersigned on the within-named of at on the day of 18 (Signed)

No. 5.—Affidavit of Service of Citation.
 In the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District.
 Under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867."

I, of, &c. make oath and say:
 THAT the citation, bearing date the day of 18 issued under seal of this Court against the Respondent [or and Co-respondent] in this cause, and now hereunto annexed, marked with the letter was duly served by me on the said at of, &c. by showing to the original under seal, and by leaving with a true copy thereof, on the day of 186 And I further make oath and say that I did, at the same time and place, deliver to the said personally a certified copy, under seal of this Court, of the petition filed in this cause.

Sworn at, &c. on the day of 186 Before me, (Signed)

No. 6.—Entry of an Appearance.
 In the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District.
 Under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867."

Petitioner, against } The Respondent appears in person [or The Respondent appears for the Respondent [or the Co-respondent] appears for the said Respondent [or Co-respondent].

Co-respondent.)
 Address [within three miles of the Registrar's Office.]
 Entered this day of 18

No. 7.—Answer.
 In the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District,
 Under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act," 1867."

THE Respondent by her solicitor [or in person], in answer to the petition filed in this cause, saith:

1. That she denies that she committed adultery with as set forth in the said petition.
2. Respondent further saith that on the day of 18 and on other days between that day and the said at in of committed adultery with

[In like manner Respondent is to state connivance, condonation, or other matters relied on as a ground for dismissing the petition].

Wherefore this Respondent humbly prays that your Honor will be pleased to reject the prayer of the said petition and decree, &c., &c.

No. 8.—Questions of Fact for the Jury.
 In the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District.
 Under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867."

QUESTIONS FOR THE JURY.

1. Whether the Respondent, committed adultery with the Co-respondent.
2. Whether the Petitioner, has condoned the adultery committed by the Respondent (if any).
3. Whether the Petitioner, has been guilty of cruelty towards the Respondent.

[Here set forth, in the same form, all the questions at issue between the parties.]

4. What amount of damages should be paid by the Co-respondent, in respect of the adultery (if any) by him committed.

No. 9.—Act on Petition.
 In the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District.
 Under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867."

A.B. against and The day of 186

A.B., the Petitioner (or the solicitor of the Petitioner) alleges that [here state briefly the facts and circumstances upon which the petition is founded].

Wherefore the said referring to the affidavits and proofs to be by him exhibited in verification of what he so alleged, prayed that [here set forth the prayer of the Petitioner].

(Signed)

ANSWER.

In the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District.
 Under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867."

against and On the day of 186 of the Respondent (or the solicitor or attorney of the Respondent), in answer to the allegations in the act on petition bearing date the day of 186 of admitted (or denied) that [here set forth any allegations admitted or denied].

And he alleged that [here state any facts or circumstances in explanation or in answer].

Wherefore the said [or] referring to the affidavits and proof to be by her exhibited in verification of which she so alleged, prayed [here state the prayer of the Respondent].

(Signed)

CONCLUSION.

On the day of 186 The Petitioner (or the solicitor or attorney for the Petitioner) in reply to the allegations of or in her answer, bearing date denied the same in great part to be true or relevant.

Whereupon he alleged and prayed [as before].

(Signed)

No. 10.—Petition for Reversal of Decree.
 In the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District.
 Under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867."

To Judge of the said Court. The day of 18

The Petition of of showeth,
 1. That your Petitioner was, on the day of lawfully married to then spinster (or widow), at the parish of [here state where the marriage took place].

2. That on the day of by a final decree pronounced in a cause then depending in this Court, entitled against it was decreed as follows, to wit:

[Here set out the decree.]

3. That the aforesaid decree was obtained in the absence of your Petitioner, who was then residing at [State facts tending to show that the Petitioner did not know of the proceedings, and further, that had he known of them he might have offered a sufficient defence.]

Or, That there was reasonable ground for your Petitioner leaving his said wife, for that his said wife [here state any legal grounds justifying the Petitioner's separation from his wife].

Your Petitioner therefore humbly prays that your Honor will be pleased to reverse the said decree.

(Signed)

No. 11.—Appeal.

THE Petitioner (or the solicitor or attorney of the Petitioner) in a suit lately depending in the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District, under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867," entitled against and does hereby, in due time and place, complain of and appeal against a certain order or decree made in the said cause by his Honor a Judge of the said Court, on the day of 186 whereby, amongst other things, the said Judge did order and decree [here set forth the whole of the decree, or such part of it as may be appealed against].

(Signed)

This Instrument of Appeal was lodged in the Registrar's Office of the Supreme Court at Wellington, under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867," this day of 186

[To be signed by the Registrar or a Clerk in his Office.]

No. 12.—Affidavit in support of Motion for Decree absolute.
 In the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District.
 Under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867."

I, of, &c. solicitor for the Petitioner in this cause, make oath and say, that on the day of 186 I carefully searched the book kept in the Registrar's Office of this Court, for the purpose of entering appearances, from and including the day of 186 the day of the date of the decree nisi made in this cause, to the day of 186 and that during such period no appearance has been entered on the said book by the Attorney-General or Solicitor-General, or by or on behalf of any other person or persons whomsoever. And I further make oath and say that I have also carefully searched the books kept in the Registrar's Office for entering the minutes of proceedings had in this cause, from and including the said day of 186 to the day of and that no leave has been obtained

by the Attorney-General or Solicitor-General, or by any other person or persons whomsoever, to intervene in this case, and that no affidavit or affidavits, instruments, or other documents whatsoever, have been filed in this cause by the Attorney (or Solicitor) General, or any other persons whomsoever, during such period, or at any other period during the dependence of this cause, in opposition to the said decree nisi being made absolute.
Sworn at, &c. on the day of 186 before me,

(Signature.)

No. 13.—Petition for Alimony.

To Judge of the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District. Under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867." against and The day of 186 The Petition of the lawful Wife of showeth,
1. That the said does now carry on, and has for many years past carried on, the business of at and from such business he derives the net annual income of £
2. That the said is now, or lately was, possessed of (or entitled to) proprietary shares in the Railway Company amounting in value to £ and yielding a clear annual dividend of
3. That the said is possessed of certain stock-in-trade in his said business of a of the value of £
[In same manner state particulars of any other property which the husband may possess.]
Your Petitioner therefore humbly prays that your Honor will be pleased to decree her such sum or sums of money by way of alimony pendente lite (or permanent alimony) as to your Honor shall seem meet.

No. 14.—Election of Guardian.

(1.) By a Petitioner.
WHEREAS a suit is about to be instituted in the Supreme Court of New Zealand, under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867," on behalf of against the wife of the said and
And whereas the said is now a minor of the age of seven years and upwards, but under the age of twenty-one years, and therefore by law incapable of acting in his own name:
Now I, the said do hereby make choice and elect my natural and lawful [father] and next of kin to be my curator or guardian for the purpose of carrying on and prosecuting the same until a final decree shall be given and pronounced therein, or until I shall attain the age of twenty-one years; and I hereby appoint of my solicitor or attorney to file or cause to be filed this my election for me in the Registrar's Office of the said Court at
In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this day of in the year 186
(Signed) (L.S.)
Signed, sealed, and delivered by the within-named in the presence of [One attesting witness.]

(2.) By a Respondent.

WHEREAS a Citation, bearing date the day of 186 has issued under seal of the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District, under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867," at the instance of claiming to have been lawfully married to citing the said to appear in the said Court, and then and there to make answer to a certain petition of the said filed in the said Court:
And whereas the said is now a minor of the age of seven years and upwards, but under the age of twenty-one years, and therefore by law incapable of acting in her own name:
Now I, the said do hereby make choice of and elect my natural and lawful [father] and next of kin to be my curator or guardian for the purpose of entering an appearance for me and on my behalf in the said Court, and for the purpose of making answer for me to the said petition, and of defending me in the said cause, and to abide for me in judgment until a final decree shall be given and pronounced herein, or until I shall obtain the age of twenty-one years; and I hereby appoint, &c., &c. [as in the last form].

No. 15.—Subpœna ad testificandum.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith: To [names of all witnesses included in the Subpœna to be inserted], Greeting.
WE command you and every of you to be and appear in your proper persons before [insert the name of the Judge], Judge of the Supreme Court of New Zealand, acting under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867," at on the day of 18 by eleven of the clock in the forenoon of the same day, and so from day to day until the cause or proceeding is heard, to testify the truth, according to your knowledge, in a certain cause now in our said Court before our said

Judge, depending between Petitioner, and Respondent [or Co-respondent, or as the case may be], and on the aforesaid day, between the parties aforesaid, to be heard. And this you or any of you shall by no means omit, under the penalty on each of you of £100.

Witness [insert the name of the Judge] the day of A.D. 18 (Signed) Registrar.

No. 16.—Præcipe for Subpœna ad testificandum.

To Judge of the Supreme Court of New Zealand, acting under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867." SUBPœNA for [insert witnesses' names] to testify between Petitioner, Respondent, and Co-respondent, on the part of the Petitioner (or Respondent or Co-respondent). (Signed) { } or { } Petitioner's, or Respondent's, or Co-respondent's Solicitor or Attorney.

No. 17.—Subpœna duces tecum.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith: To [Names of all parties included in the Subpœna to be inserted], Greeting.
WE command you and every of you to be and appear in your proper persons before [insert the name of the Judge], Judge of the Supreme Court of New Zealand, acting under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867," at the Court House at in our Colony of New Zealand, on the day of 18 by eleven of the clock in the forenoon of the same day, and so from day to day until the cause or proceeding is heard; and also that you bring with you and produce at the time and place aforesaid [here describe shortly the deeds, letters, papers, &c., required to be produced], then and there to testify and show all and singular those things which you or either of you know, or the said deed or instrument doth impart, of and concerning a certain cause or proceeding now in our said Court, before our said Judge, depending between Petitioner, and Respondent, and Co-respondent, on the part of the Petitioner (or the Respondent or Co-respondent, as the case may be), and on the aforesaid day between the parties aforesaid, to be heard: And this you or any of you shall by no means omit, under the penalty on each of you of £100.

Witness [insert the name of the Judge], at the day of 18 in the year of our reign. (Signed) Registrar.

No. 18.—Præcipe for Subpœna duces tecum.

In the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District. Under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867." SUBPœNA for to testify and produce, &c., between Petitioner, Respondent, and Co-respondent, on the part of the Petitioner (or Respondent or Co-respondent). (Signed) { } or { } Petitioner's, (or Respondent's, or Co-respondent's) Solicitor or Attorney.

No. 19.—Commission or Requisition for Examination of Witnesses.

In the Supreme Court of New Zealand, District. Under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867." VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith: To [here set forth the name and proper description of the Commissioner], Greeting.
WHEREAS a certain cause is now depending in our Supreme Court of New Zealand, under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867," between Petitioner and Respondent (and Co-respondent), wherein the said has filed his petition praying for a dissolution of his marriage with the said [or otherwise as in the prayer of the petition]. And whereas by an order made in the said cause on the day of 186, on the application of the said it was ordered that a commission (or requisition) shall issue under the seal of our said Court for the examination of [here insert name and address of one of the persons to be examined], and others, as witnesses, to be produced on the part of the said the Petitioner, in support of his said petition (saving all just exceptions). Now know ye, that we do, by virtue of this commission (or requisition) to you directed, authorize (or request) you, within thirty days after the receipt of this commission (or requisition), at a certain time and place to be by you appointed for that purpose, with power of adjournment to such other time and place as to you shall seem convenient, to cause the said witnesses to come before you, and to administer to the said witnesses respectively an oath truly to answer such questions as shall be put to them by you touching

the matter set forth in the said petition, and to reduce the said examination, or cause the same to be reduced into writing. And that for the purpose aforesaid you do assume to yourself some notary-public, or other lawful scribe, as and for your actuary in that behalf, if to you it should seem meet and convenient so to do; and the said examination being so taken and reduced into writing as aforesaid and subscribed by you, we do require (or request) you forthwith to transmit the said examination, closed and sealed up, to the Registrar of our said Court at together with these presents; and we do hereby give you full power and authority to do all such acts, matters, and things as may be necessary, lawful, and expedient for the due execution of this our commission (or requisition).

Dated at the day of in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and (Signed) Registrar.

No. 20.—Bond for securing Wife's Costs.

Know all men by these presents that we of and of and of are held and firmly bound unto Esq., Registrar of the Supreme Court of New Zealand at in the penal sum of pounds of good and lawful money of Great Britain, to be paid to the said and for which payment to be well and truly made, we bind ourselves and each of us for the whole, our heirs, executors, or administrators firmly by these presents.

Sealed with our seal dated the day of in the year of our Lord, 186

Condition.

WHEREAS a certain cause is now depending in the Supreme Court of New Zealand under "The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1867," between Petitioner of the one part, and Respondent [and Co-respondent] of the other part. And whereas the Registrar of the Supreme Court at has, by a report under his hand, made in the said cause on the day of 186 reported to the Court that pounds was a sufficient sum to be paid into the Registrar's Office to cover the costs of the said Respondent (or Petitioner) of and incidental to the hearing of the said cause (or otherwise as in the Registrar's Report) or that a bond under the hand and seal of the said and of two sufficient sureties in the penal sum of pounds, conditioned for the payment of such costs of the said as shall be certified to be due and payable by the said not exceeding the said sum of pounds (or otherwise, as in the report) with hours' notice of such sureties to the (Solicitor or Attorney) of the said was a sufficient security to be given for the costs aforesaid. Now the condition of this obligation is such, that if the above bounden his heirs, executors, or administrators shall well and truly pay or cause to be paid to the above-named his heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, the full sum of of good and lawful money of Great Britain, or the lawful costs of the said the Respondent (or Petitioner), of and incidental to the hearing and trial of this cause (or otherwise, as in report) to the extent of pounds, then this obligation is to be void and of none effect, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

Sealed and delivered by the said and in the presence of

One Attesting Witness (L.S.) (L.S.)

Registrar-General's Office, Wellington, 28th December, 1868.

PURSUANT to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, passed in the eighteenth year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and intituled "The Marriage Act, 1854," the following name of an Officiating Minister, within the meaning of the said Act, is published for general information:—

Baptists.

The Reverend DECIMUS DOLAMORE.

I, JOHN B. BENNETT, Registrar-General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, in New Zealand, do hereby certify that the foregoing NAME of an OFFICIATING MINISTER within the meaning of "The Marriage Act, 1854," has been sent in to me, in addition to the names in Lists published in the *New Zealand Gazette*, No. 6, of the 30th of January; No. 9, of the 13th of February; No. 13, of the 3rd of March; No. 14, of the 9th of March; No. 18, of the 3rd of April; No. 19, of the 20th of April; No. 22, of the 7th

of May; No. 23, of the 14th of May; No. 25, of the 22nd of May; No. 27, of the 2nd of June; No. 35, of the 29th of June; No. 44, of the 20th of July, No. 46, of the 6th of August; No. 48, of the 12th of August; No. 54, of the 17th of September; No. 71, of the 14th of December; and No. 72 of the 24th of December, in the present year.

Given under my hand, at Wellington, this twenty-eighth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

JOHN B. BENNETT, Registrar-General.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Taranaki Lighter Company (Limited), was held in the office of the New Plymouth Lighter Company (Limited), Beach, New Plymouth, on the twenty-first December, 1868, for the purpose of considering the Liquidator's Accounts; when it was resolved "That the affairs of the Taranaki Lighter Company (Limited), have been fairly wound up."

W. WESTON, Liquidator, Taranaki Lighter Company (Limited).

ROBERT CHAPMAN, Esq., Official Administrator of Intestate Estates at Otago, in account with the Estate of THOMAS GRIFFITHS, deceased, intestate.

	DR.	£	s.	d.
Dec. 23. By cash from police	10	5	6
1864. By proceeds of deposit receipt	40	0	0
April 22. By proceeds sale of ring	0	17	7
		£51	3	1
	CR.	£	s.	d.
1864. April 27. Paid advertising in <i>Times</i> ,	0	4	6
Paid advertising in <i>Dunstan News</i>	0	2	0
Paid advertising in <i>Wakatip Mail</i>	0	3	0
Dec. 14. Paid swearing and filing 2 affidavits	0	10	0
Paid order, 6s.; letters of administration, 30s.	1	16	0
Paid advertising balance sheet	0	7	6
Paid Administrator's commission	2	11	0
Balance	45	9	1
		£51	3	1

AGENCIES FOR THE SALE OF GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS.

THE Public are informed that, in order to afford greater facilities for procuring Official Publications, the following Agencies have been established throughout the Colony for the Sale of Acts, Parliamentary Papers, and Official Publications of the New Zealand Government:—

Agencies:

Auckland	... E. Wayte.
Taranaki	... W. H. J. Seffern.
Wanganui	... H. I. Jones.
Napier	... James Wood.
Nelson	... James Tingle.
Greymouth	... J. W. Parkinson.
Hokitika	... J. Crerar.
Blenheim	... William Collie.
Pictou	... A. T. Card.
Christchurch	... Canterbury Music Depot: S. H. Farr, Manager.
Timaru	... Inwood and Bilton.
Dunedin	... A. R. Livingston.
Southland	... L. Rodgers.

AND SOLD AT

The Government Printing Office, Wellington.

GEO. DIBSBURY,

Government Printer.

Government Printing Office, Wellington, 31st December, 1868.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 31st December, 1868.

IN pursuance of the 29th Section of "The Medical Practitioners Act, 1867," a certified copy of the Medical Register of New Zealand for the year 1868 is published for general information.

E. W. STAFFORD.

MEDICAL BOARD OF NEW ZEALAND.

President: Dr. HECTOR, F.R.S.

Members:

The Hon. Mr. DOMETT,
J. E. FITZGERALD, Esq.,
T. M. HOCKEN, Esq.,

C. KNIGHT, Esq.,
Dr. PHILSON,
Dr. TURNBULL.

Secretary and Registrar: L. STOWE, Esq.

REGISTER OF MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS FOR 1868.

LIST of MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS who are registered under the provisions of the Act of Parliament of New Zealand, 31 Vict. No. 30.

Date of Registration.	Name.	Residence.	Qualification.
1868.			
Nov. 19	Agassiz, Alfred	Mercury Bay, Auckland...	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1863.
April 11	Aickin, Thomas	Auckland	Lic. 1839. Lic. Midwif. 1839, Fell. 1844, R. Coll. Surg. Irel. M.D. Univ. Berlin, 1842.
July 31	Alexander, Edward William	Mataura, Otago	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1853. Lic. R. Coll. Phys. Lond. 1861.
Mar. 7	Bayntun, Francis Thomas	Auckland	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1858.
April 29	Beale, Bernard Charles	Hamilton, Waikato	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1852. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1854.
June 27	Bell, James	Kaipara, Auckland	Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1857. Lic. R. Coll. Phys. Edin 1860.
April 11	Beswick, Samuel	Hokitika	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
" 11	Bond, Joseph Francis... ..	Motueka, Nelson... ..	Lic. Apoth. Hall, Dubl. 1858.
Jan. 9	Boor, Leonard	Wellington	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1852. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1851.
Nov. 19	Burns, Robert	Dunedin	Registered under Otago Act.
Dec. 9	Burrows, William Adcock	Wellington	Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1852. Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1859.
April 29	Butler, Edward	Timaru, Canterbury	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
May 21	Caro, Jacob Selig	Waihi, Canterbury	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
July 31	Carroll, Patrick Joseph	Taranaki	Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Irel. 1863.
April 29	Christy, William Beresford Chambers	Leeston, Canterbury	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
" 11	Corbett, Robert Telfer	Tuakau, Auckland	M.D. Univ. Glasg. 1841. Lic. 1841. Fell. 1850 Fac. Phys. Surg. Glasg.
Feb. 20	Cotterell, Charles Edward	Nelson	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1855.
April 29	Coward, John William Smith	Christchurch, Canterbury	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
Nov. 19	Cowie, Robert	Dunedin, Otago	Registered under Otago Act.
" 19	Crawford, James Robert	Dunedin, Otago	Registered under Otago Act.
" 19	Crocome, Joseph	Waikouaiti, Otago	Registered under Otago Act.
" 29	Curl, Samuel	Rangitikei	No diploma produced. In practice prior to 1857.
Dec. 9	Currie, John	Dunedin, Otago	Registered under the Otago Act.
Jan. 9	Cusack, Samuel Athanasius	Wellington	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1852. Fell. R. Coll. Surg. Irel. 1855. M.B. Univ. Lond. 1858.
June 27	Dakers, William Henry Phillip	Charleston, Westland	Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1855. Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1858.
April 11	Day, Richard	Auckland	Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1834. M.D. Univ. Edin. 1836.
" 29	Deamer, William	Christchurch, Canterbury	Mem. 1854, Lic. Midwif. 1854, R. Coll. Surg. Eng. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1856. M.D. Univ. K. Coll. Aberd. 1860.
May 21	Deck, John Field	Southland	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1862. Lic. R. Coll. Phys. Lond. 1862. M.D. Univ. St. And. 1862.
April 29	Dermet, Fitzherbert	Hokitika	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
" 11	Dixon, Thomas	Auckland	M.D. Univ. St. And. 1854. Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1853. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1856.
" 29	Donald, William	Lyttelton, Canterbury	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
Nov. 19	Douglas, James	Frankton, Otago	Registered under Otago Act.
" 19	Drury, George Dixon	Waikouaiti, Otago	Registered under Otago Act.
" 19	Drysdale, John	Port Chalmers, Otago	M.D. Univ. Glasg. 1861. Lic. Fac. Phys. Surg. Glasg. 1861.
April 29	Dudley, Charles	Kaipoi, Canterbury	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
" 11	Earle, Robert Charles	Wanganui	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1864. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1864.
" 11	Elmsley, Joseph	Auckland	M.D. Marisch. Coll. Univ. Aberd. 1845.

Date of Registration.	Name.	Residence.	Qualification.
1868.			
Nov. 19	Fergusson, Alexander John ...	Milton, Otago ...	Lic. Fac. Phys. Surg. Glasg. 1862. M.D. Univ. St. And. 1862.
Jan. 25	Fischer, Carl Frank ...	Auckland ...	No diploma produced. In practice prior to 1857.
April 29	Fisher, Alder ...	Remuera, Auckland ...	Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1827. Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1828.
Mar. 10	Fisher, Robert Elliott ...	Auckland ...	Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1860.
April 29	FitzGerald, Chas. Peuruddocke ...	Howick, Auckland ...	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1842. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1843.
May 21	Ford, Samuel Hayward ...	Russell, Auckland ...	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1833. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1832.
April 11	France, Charles ...	Wellington ...	Registered under Wellington Medical Board Act, 1854.
June 27	Gibbes, John Murray ...	Waipukurau, Napier ...	Mem. 1865 Lic. Midwif. 1866 R. Coll. Surg. Eng. M.B. 1866 Mast. Surg. 1866 Univ. Aberd.
May 21	Gibson, George Henry ...	Wanganui ...	No diploma produced. In practice prior to 1857.
April 11	Giles, Joseph ...	Westport ...	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
" 29	Goldsbro, Charles Field ...	Auckland ...	Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1856. Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1856. Lic. R. Coll. Phys. Edin. 1860. M.B. Univ. Sydney 1866. M.D. Univ. Sydney 1868.
Jan. 22	Grace, Morgan Stanislaus ...	Wellington ...	Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1859. M.D. Univ. Jena.
" 19	Harding, Robert ...	Waikouaiti, Otago ...	Lic. Apoth. Hall Dubl. Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Irel. 1860. Lic. R. Coll. Phys. Edin. 1865.
" 9	Hector, James ...	Wellington ...	M.D. Univ. Edin. 1856.
April 11	Henry, Joseph ...	Tauranga, Auckland ...	Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Irel. 1862.
June 27	Hitchings, Thomas ...	Napier ...	Registered under Wellington Medical Board Act, 1854.
Nov. 19	Hocken, Thomas Morland ...	Dunedin ...	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1859. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1859.
April 11	Hooper, John Henry ...	Auckland ...	Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1856. Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1858.
" 29	Horne, James Herbert ...	Auckland ...	Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1830.
July 31	Horne, Lewis Keele ...	Blenheim ...	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
Nov. 19	Howell, Charles Henry John ...	Howick, Auckland ...	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1860.
" 19	Hulme, Edward ...	Dunedin ...	Registered under Otago Act.
" 19	Inglis, Hugh ...	Moss-gill, East Taieri, Otago ...	Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1858.
Mar. 7	Irvine, Francis Wemyss ...	Nelson ...	M.D. Univ. Edin. 1842. Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1842.
Jan. 9	Johnston, Alexander ...	Wellington ...	M.D. Univ. St. And. 1867. Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1850. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1852.
Nov. 19	Jones, Walter Williams ...	Cambridge, Auckland ...	Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1860. Lic. Fac. Phys. Surg. Glasg. 1860.
Aug. 29	Kemp, William Henry ...	Nelson ...	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1867. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1867. Lic. Midwif. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1867.
April 11	Kenderdine, Thomas Brutton ...	Whangarei, Auckland ...	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1849. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1849.
" 11	Kilgour, James ...	Wellington ...	Registered under Wellington Medical Board Act, 1854.
" 11	Knox, Frederick John ...	Porirua, Wellington ...	Registered under Wellington Medical Board Act, 1854. Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1831.
June 27	Laking, Frederick Augustus ...	Richmond, Nelson ...	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
April 29	Leach, Christopher ...	Christchurch, Canterbury ...	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
June 27	Lee, Joseph ...	Brighton, Nelson ...	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
Mar. 10	Lee, Walter ...	Auckland ...	No diploma produced. In practice prior to 1857.
June 27	Lethbridge, Charles Frederick ...	Shortland, Auckland ...	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1865.
April 11	Lewis, Frederick ...	Ngaruawahia, Waikato ...	Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1856.
Nov. 19	McBrearty, James ...	Outram, West Taieri, Otago ...	Lic. Fac. Phys. Surg. Glasg. 1860.
" 19	McCambridge, Daniel ...	Mount Ida, Otago ...	Registered under Otago Act.
July 31	Macdonald, Alexander ...	Auckland ...	No diploma produced. In practice prior to 1857.
Mar. 7	Merrett, George Augustus ...	Auckland ...	M.D. Michigan (U.S.).
May 21	Monckton, Francis Alexander ...	Riverton, Southland ...	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
Dec. 9	Moorhouse, Benjamin ...	Rangitata, Canterbury ...	No diploma produced. In practice prior to 1857.
June 27	Morice, Charles Lloyd ...	Greymouth ...	Mem. 1855, Lic. Midwif. 1856, R. Coll. Surg. Eng. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1855.
April 11	Motley, Charles ...	Lyttelton, Canterbury ...	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
" 29	Mourilyan, Thomas Clayson ...	Hokitika ...	Registered under Medical Board of Victoria.
" 29	Nicholson, John Robinson ...	Auckland ...	M.D. Univ. Edin. 1852. Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1852.
May 21	Nicholson, Mark Edwin Bullen ...	Auckland ...	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1850. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1856.
Nov. 19	O'Donnoghue, David ...	Port Chalmers ...	Lic. R. Coll. Phys. Edin. 1861. Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1861.
Dec. 9	Oldham, Thomas ...	Waimea South, Nelson ...	No diploma produced. In practice prior to 1857.
June 27	Park, John Steele ...	Motueka, Nelson ...	Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1859.
Dec. 9	Parker, John ...	Christchurch, Canterbury ...	No diploma produced. In practice prior to 1857.
April 29	Parkerson, Burrell ...	Christchurch, Canterbury ...	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
" 29	Peirce, Thomas David ...	Newton, Auckland ...	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1857.
June 27	Perston, William Augustus ...	Whangarei, Auckland ...	M.D. Univ. Glasg. 1852. Lic. Fac. Phys. Surg. Glasg. 1852.
Mar. 10	Philson, Thomas Moore ...	Auckland ...	M.D. Univ. Edin. 1839. Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1839.

Date of Registration.	Name.	Residence.	Qualification.
1868.			
Dec. 9	Phillips, William Edward ...	Montrose, Hurunui, Nelson	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1867.
April 29	Prins, John Horsford ...	Christchurch, Canterbury	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
" 29	Purchas, Arthur Guyon ...	Auckland	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1842. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1842.
" 29	Rayner, Thomas Ottery ...	Temuka, Canterbury	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
" 11	Rayner, William ...	Papakura, Auckland	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1860.
May 21	Rawson, Thomas Edward ...	Taranaki	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
Nov. 19	Reimer, Carl Nicolaus ...	Dunedin, Otago	Registered under Otago Act.
June 27	Renwick, Thomas ...	Nelson	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
Nov. 19	Richardson, Frederick Hall ...	Dunedin, Otago	Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1829. Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1830.
May 21	Rossetti, Francisco ...	Hokitika	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
June 27	Russell, George Ireland ...	Napier	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1860. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1863.
April 29	Ryley, Rutherford John ...	Hokitika	Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1862. Fell. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1867.
May 21	Scott, Charles ...	Invercargill	Lic. Fac. Phys. Surg. Glasg.
June 27	Sissons, Richard ...	Whangarei, Auckland	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1842. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1842.
July 31	Shaw, Charles ...	Dunstan, Otago	Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1858. M.D. Univ. Aberd. 1861.
April 29	Smith, John ...	Wairarapa, Wellington	Lic. Fac. Phys. Surg. Glasg. 1861.
July 31	Smith, John Gibson ...	Clutha Ferry, Otago	Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1857.
June 27	Spratt, Henry Thomas ...	Wairarapa, Wellington	Registered under Wellington Medical Board Act, 1854.
Mar. 7	Squires, William Westbrooke ...	Nelson	M.D. Univ. Edin. 1864. Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1864.
May 21	St. George, George ...	New Plymouth	No diploma produced. In practice prior to 1857.
Nov. 19	Stewart, Alexander ...	Tuapeka, Otago	M.D. Univ. Glasg. 1862.
" 29	Stockwell, William ...	Auckland	Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. 1853.
April 11	Stratford, Samuel John ...	Auckland	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1826.
Nov. 19	Tapley, Henry ...	Auckland	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1849.
" 19	Tilby, James ...	Nelson	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
Feb. 20	Thorpe, Samuel ...	Nelson	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1852. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1853.
Jan. 9	Turnbull, James Somerville ...	Christchurch	M.D. Univ. Edin. — Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Edin. —
April 11	Tyerman, Daniel Fletcher ...	Wanganui	Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1833. Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1834.
June 27	Vickerman, Francis Longbourne	Nelson	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
April 11	Waddington, Edward ...	Auckland	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1853. Lic. R. Coll. Phys. Edin. 1859. Lic. K. Q. Coll. Irel. 1860. M.D. St. And.
Nov. 19	Waters, John Jones ...	Dunedin, Otago	Registered under Otago Act.
" 19	Watting, Henry Wyatt ...	Waimate, Bay of Islands	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1843. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1844.
" 19	Weber, Adolph ...	Tokomairiro, Otago	Registered under Otago Act.
" 19	Weekes, Henry ...	Shortland, Auckland	Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1836. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1836.
April 11	Wilford, John George Frederick	Hutt, Wellington	Mem. R. Coll. Surg. Eng. 1864.
Nov. 19	Williams, Henry ...	Blenheim	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
April 29	Wilson, Henry James ...	Auckland	Lic. R. Coll. Surg. Irel. 1853. Lic. Soc. Apoth. Lond. 1855.
June 27	Worrall, Joseph ...	Westport, Nelson	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
April 11	Wright, Frederick William ...	Auckland	Lic. Medical Board, Toronto, B.N.A.
July 31	Young, Daniel James ...	Hokitika	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.
Nov. 19	Zurhorst, Frederick Melchior	Ross, Westland	Registered under New Munster Ordinance.